



## CATALYSIS FOR BIOFUELS PRODUCTION

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The consumption of petroleum has surged during the 20<sup>th</sup> century, at least partially because of the rise of the automobile industry. Today, fossil fuels such as coal, oil, and natural gas provide more than three quarters of the world's energy. However at present renewable feedstock attracts attention due to increasing of fossil fuels cost and its graceful irretrievable consumption. At that, now the technologies level of biomass processing into engine fuels is lower than oil-refinery industry. This is a main reason of higher prime cost of bio-fuels production. Bioethanol and biodiesel are produced from food raw materials. Bio-fuels competition with food sector plays negative role for bioenergetics progress. So, for bio-fuels production increasing scientific society has to not only improve present biotechnologies, but develop new biomass processing technologies with widening of renewable feedstock list, including wood and agricultural waste. The new catalytic technologies of biomass processing should play a key role in the bioenergetics evolution.

In Boreskov Institute of Catalysis the intensive investigations are carried out in the field of biodiesel production in the presence of heterogeneous catalysts, high-cetane fuels production from biodiesel and plant oils directly, upgrading of bio-oil – product of wood flash pyrolysis, production of bio-syn-gas and carbonaceous materials.